

**Disclosure on liquidity information**

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company is unable to meet its payment obligations associated with its financial liabilities when they fall due and to replace funds when they are withdrawn. The consequence may be the failure to meet obligations to repay depositors and fulfil commitments to lend.

ALCO is responsible for monitoring the Company's liquidity position through periodic review of statutory liquidity ratio, maturity profile of assets and liabilities, loan-to-deposit ratio and inter-bank transactions. Liquidity policy is monitored by ALCO and reviewed regularly by the Board of Directors of the Company. The Company's policy is to maintain a conservative level of liquid funds on a daily basis so that the Company is prepared to meet its obligations when they fall due in the normal course of business, to satisfy statutory liquidity ratio requirements, and to deal with any funding crises that may arise. Limits are set on the minimum proportion of maturing funds to be maintained in order to meet all the calls on cash resources such as overnight deposits, current accounts, maturing deposits, loan draw-downs and guarantees, margin calls and other calls on cash-settled derivatives. Limits are also set on the minimum level of inter-bank and other borrowing facilities that should be in place to cover withdrawals at an unexpected level of demand.

	THE COMPANY	
	31/12/2016	31/12/2015
	%	%
Average liquidity maintenance ratio for the year	46.34%	51.39%

The Liquidity Ratio specified under section 102 of the Banking Ordinance, which was replaced by the liquidity maintenance ratio ("LMR") on 1 January 2015. LMR was complied in accordance with the Banking (Liquidity) Rules issued by the HKMA with effective from 1 January 2015 for the implementation of the Basel III capital framework.

The average ratio is calculated based on the arithmetic mean of the average value of its liquidity position return for each month during the reporting period.